

Appendix B1: Uninsured and Underinsured Adults (aged 19 years and older) (Rev. 9/2022)

Some vaccines provided to local health departments (LHDs) by the Wisconsin Immunization Program can be offered to eligible adults at public health immunization clinics. **State-supplied vaccines are for uninsured and underinsured* patients only.** Adults with health insurance shall be directed to their primary health care provider, and some may be eligible to receive immunizations at pharmacies.

Administering state-supplied vaccines to employees in a business office, health care setting, college, or other mass clinic needs prior approval of the state Immunization Program. State-supplied vaccines provided to LHDs and tribal clinics shall be administered without charge for the cost of the vaccine. Eligible adults who are unwilling or unable to pay an administration fee or donation should not be denied vaccine. Adult refugees, evacuees, and immigrants are also eligible for state-supplied vaccine if they are uninsured or underinsured (see table below). During state-declared outbreaks of vaccine-preventable diseases, the eligibility criteria for state-supplied vaccine may be expanded after consultation with the Wisconsin Immunization Program.

Table 1. Eligibility for state-supplied adult vaccines

Vaccine	Eligibility for state-supplied vaccine—can only be used for uninsured and underinsured adults
Hepatitis A	<p>Aged 19 years and older and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Persons with hepatitis B or C • Men who have sex with men • Persons who use injection and noninjection drugs • Persons who have a clotting factor disorder • Persons with chronic liver disease • Close contacts of recent international adoptees. • Persons experiencing homelessness • Persons who are incarcerated <p>Note: Twinrix is preferred if the patient is not immune to HBV and is also eligible for Hepatitis A vaccine.</p>
Hepatitis B	<p>Aged 19-59 years Aged 60 years and older with risk factors for hepatitis B including but not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unvaccinated adults with risk behaviors for HBV infection (for example, persons with more than one sex partner during the previous six months, current or recent injection-drug users, men who have sex with men, and persons seeking evaluation or treatment for an STD). • Household contacts and sex partners of HBsAg-positive persons. • Diabetics and/or persons with end-stage renal disease. • Persons with HIV infection or hepatitis C virus infection <p>Note: Twinrix is preferred if the patient is not immune to Hepatitis A and is also eligible for Hepatitis B vaccine.</p>

Vaccine	Eligibility for state-supplied vaccine—can only be used for uninsured and underinsured adults
Hepatitis A – Hepatitis B (Twinrix)	<p>Aged 19-59 years Aged 60 years and older with risk factors for hepatitis B including but not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unvaccinated adults with risk behaviors for HBV infection (for example, persons with more than one sex partner during the previous 6 months, current or recent injection-drug users, men who have sex with men, and persons seeking evaluation or treatment for an STD). • Household contacts and sex partners of HBsAg-positive persons. • Diabetics and/or persons with end-stage renal disease. • Persons with HIV infection or hepatitis C virus infection • Persons experiencing homelessness
HPV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19–26 years, male or female. • Aged 27 and older to complete a vaccine series (2nd or 3rd dose) initiated before age 27 years, male or female • Aged 27 to 45 years with provider shared clinical decision-making and Immunization Program approval
Meningococcal Conjugate (MenACWY)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Healthy adults aged 19-21 years who have not received a dose after their 16th birthday • High-risk individuals aged 22-55 years (for example, complement deficiency or functional or anatomical asplenia, including sickle cell disease)
Meningococcal serogroup B (MenB)	<p>Aged 19 years and older and persons at an increased risk for meningococcal disease attributable to serogroup B (that is, persons with complement component deficiencies, anatomic or functional asplenia, microbiologists routinely exposed, or persons at increased risk because of a serogroup B meningococcal disease outbreak).</p>
MMR	<p>Aged 19 years and older and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health care professionals or health care professional students, regardless of age. • Persons born in the U.S. during or after 1957. • Persons born outside the U.S.
PCV15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 65 years and older. • Aged 19–64 years and has an underlying medical condition (for example, HIV infection, leukemia, lymphoma, chronic renal failure, generalized malignancy, congenital or acquired asplenia, CSF leak, or cochlear implant.)
PCV20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 65 years and older. • Aged 19–64 years and has an underlying medical condition (for example, HIV infection, leukemia, lymphoma, chronic renal failure, generalized malignancy, congenital or acquired asplenia, CSF leak, or cochlear implant.)
Pneumococcal Polysaccharide (PPSV23)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 65 years and older. • Aged 19–64 years and meets one or more of the following criteria: chronic illness (for example, diabetes mellitus, chronic heart disease or chronic lung disease), anatomic or functional asplenia (including sickle cell disease), immunocompromised (resulting from disease, chemotherapy, or steroids), HIV infection, cochlear implant, asthma, or cigarette smoker.

Vaccine	Eligibility for state-supplied vaccine—can only be used for uninsured and underinsured adults
Tdap/Td	19 years of age and older.
Varicella	Aged 19 years and older and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health care professionals or health care professional students, regardless of age. • Persons born in the U.S. after 1980, or • Persons born outside the U.S.

Table 2. Time-limited eligibility exceptions for state-supplied adult vaccines

Vaccine	Age Indication	State-Supplied Vaccine Eligibility Exceptions*
	•	•
Tdap/Td	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 years and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In a flooding situation, emergency responders, cleanup workers, or volunteers may be vaccinated with state-supplied Tdap at the local health department if they are not up to date, regardless of insurance status. • May be given regardless of insurance status; priority should be given to those who are un- or underinsured.
Hepatitis B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 years and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Persons who are household or sexual contacts of hepatitis B infected (acute or chronic) individuals may receive hepatitis B vaccine or Twinrix at the local health department, regardless of their insurance status.
Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be given regardless of insurance status
Jynneos (Monkeypox) Vaccine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be given regardless of insurance status
Moderna COVID-19 Vaccine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be given regardless of insurance status
Moderna COVID-19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be given regardless of insurance status

Vaccine, Bivalent		
Novavax COVID-19 Vaccine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be given regardless of insurance status
Pfizer- BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 years and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be given regardless of insurance status
Pfizer- BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine, Bivalent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aged 19 years and older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be given regardless of insurance status

*Eligibility exceptions are time-limited deviations (for example, for outbreak response or to use one-time supplemental vaccine purchase funds) from the typical eligibility criteria for state-supplied vaccine.

Underinsured adults are those who meet at least one of the following:

- Have health insurance, but the coverage does not include any vaccines.
- Have health insurance that covers only selected vaccines (for example, Tdap is covered by insurance, but HPV is not. The individual would then be eligible for HPV at the LHD).
- Have health insurance that caps vaccine coverage at a certain amount. These adults would be eligible after the cap has been met (for example, the insurance cap for vaccines is \$400 and after \$400 has been spent on vaccines, the individual would then be considered underinsured).

Notes:

- Insured individuals are those who have insurance that covers the cost of vaccine. This includes individuals who have a co-pay or deductible.
- Adults with Medicaid coverage are considered insured as they are covered for all ACIP-recommended vaccines.
- American Indians and Alaska Natives whose only source of health care is provided by Indian Health Service, tribal, or urban Indian health care organization are not considered fully insured and may be vaccinated at LHDs if the Indian Health Service, tribal, or urban Indian health care organization does not provide vaccines listed in the first table.
- Medicare beneficiaries who have a medical indication for a vaccine (e.g., post-bone marrow transplant) which is not covered by Medicare, and is available according to Appendix B1, are eligible to receive it at the local health department because they are considered to be underinsured for that vaccine. A prescription for the vaccine is recommended. Adults who need to repeat their pediatric vaccine series cannot receive VFC vaccine (e.g., HIB). State-supplied vaccines available to adults are restricted to those listed within Tables 1 and 2 of Appendix B1. Td is covered under

Medicare for wound management. However, a routine booster for Td/Tdap is not covered, therefore Medicare beneficiaries would be considered underinsured. Medicare Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Medicare Part B (Medical Insurance) don't cover Tdap, Part D prescription drug coverage would be based upon a beneficiary's individual plan.